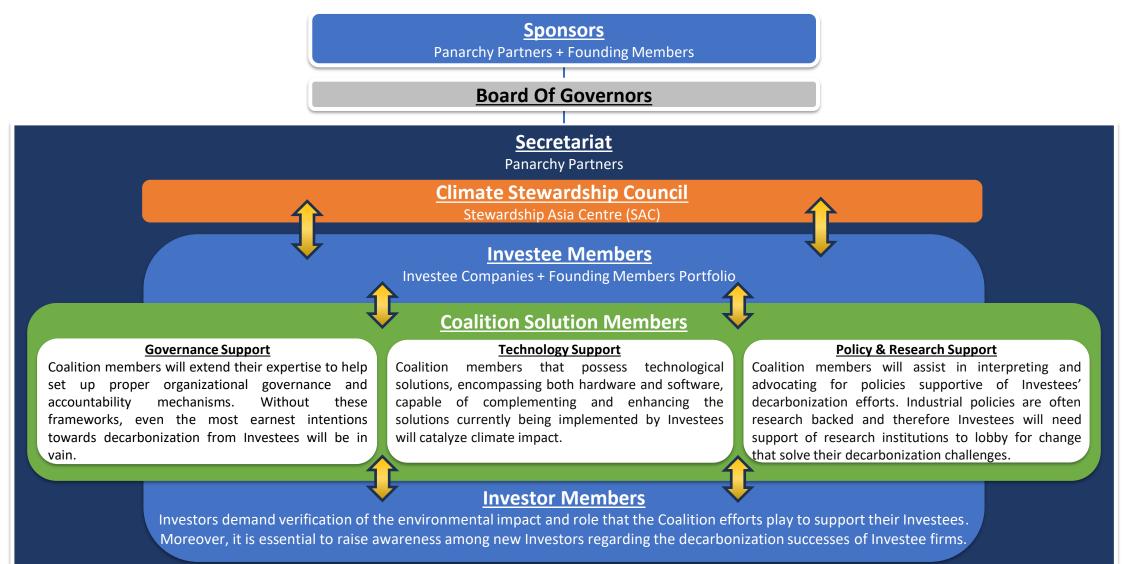
PANARCHY PARTNERS

The Gigaton Coalition – Secretariat April 2024

Gigaton Coalition – Structure & Ecosystem

Purpose: To Uncover Decarbonization Solutions That Solve Our Climate Challenge

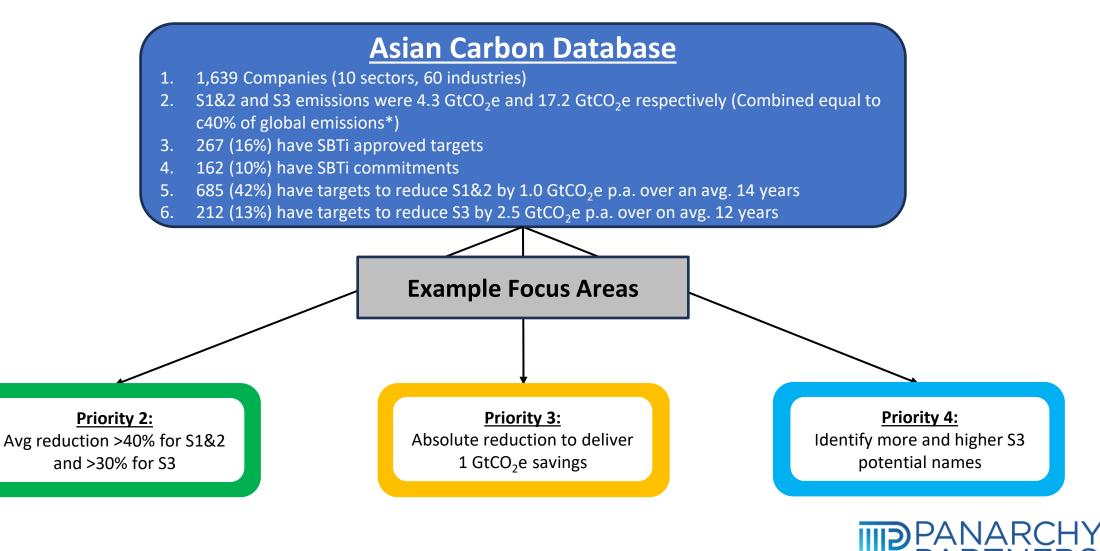


Gigaton Coalition Secretariat Databases



#1 – Asian Carbon Database

1,639 Listed Companies



* EDGAR - Emissions Database for Global Atmospheric Research

How To Achieve Gigaton Savings ASAP...

...By Identifying And Supporting Financially Sustainable, Carbon Impactful Companies

7 6 Hong Kong Average p.a. Reduction New Zealand South Korea Australia Singapore China India Japan **Philippines** Taiwan Thailand S3 1 0 5 10 15 20 0

S3 Emission Reduction Targets - Size/Pace/Time Horizon (2.5 GtCO₂e p.a. vs 2022 Base)*

*Size of bubbles represents Scope 3 target footprint

identified We c1639 have in 11 countries companies aiming for Scope 3 reduction of 2.5 GtCO₂e p.a. through internal targets.

We need to select those that show the most potential and can deliver on those carbon reduction targets with our support.

25 **Average Target Years**

How To Achieve Gigaton Savings ASAP...

...By Identifying And Supporting Financially Sustainable, Carbon Impactful Companies

7 6 Reduction 5 **Automobiles** Metals & Mining 4 Average p.a. Machinery** 3 Oil, Gas & Consumable Fuels 2 S3 1 0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 0 **Average Target Years**

47 Industries Total Emission Reduction Targets - Size/Pace/Time Horizon (2.5 BtCO₂e p.a. vs 2022 Base)*

can deliver on those carbon reduction targets with our

c1639

identified

companies in 60 Asia Pacific

Industries aiming for Scope 3

reduction of 2.5 GtCO₂e p.a.

We need to select those that

show the most potential and

through internal targets.

We

support.

have

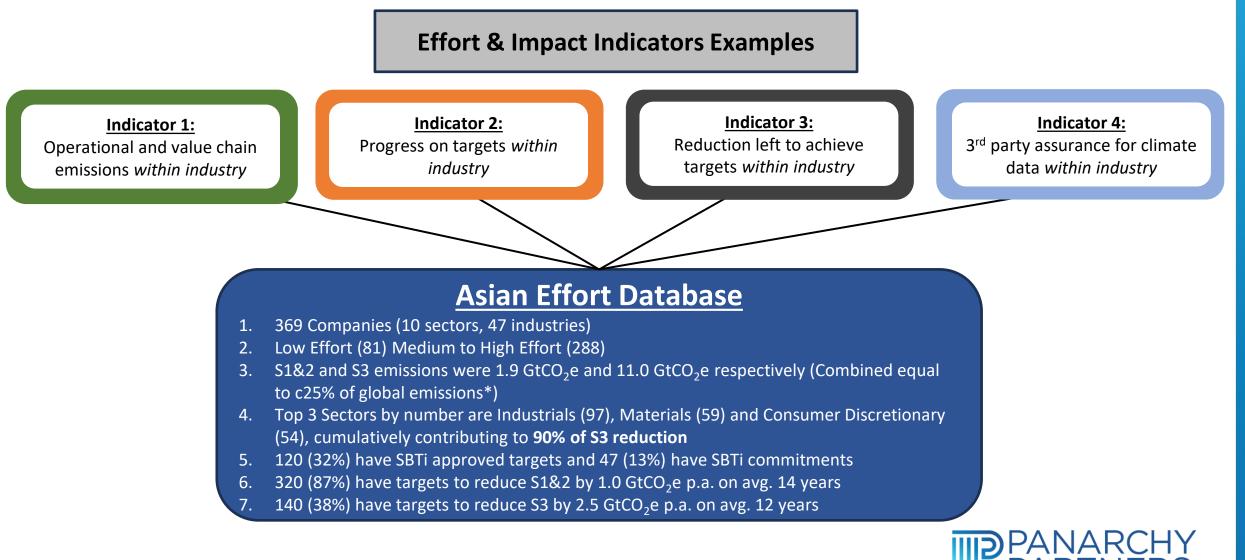
*Size of bubbles represents Scope 3 target footprint

** One company contributes c50% of the emission reduction quantum



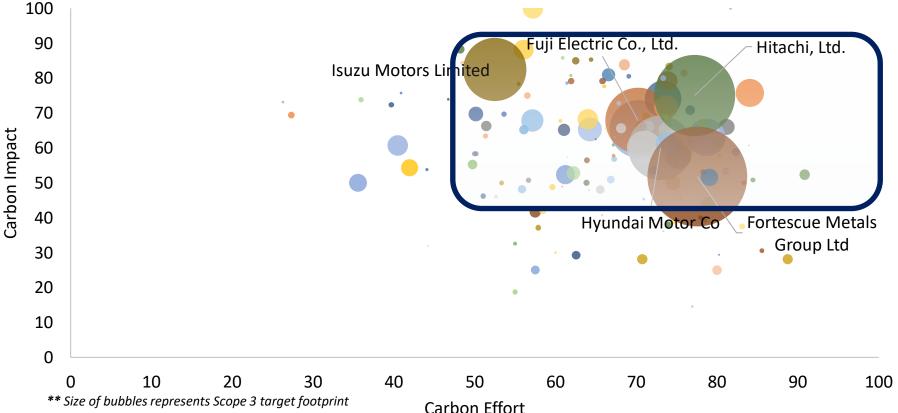
#2 – Asian Carbon Effort Database

369 Listed Companies



Asian Carbon Effort Database*

Identifying Intent And Potential Of Impact



369 Asia Pacific Candidate Companies Impact Effort vs Impact Size*

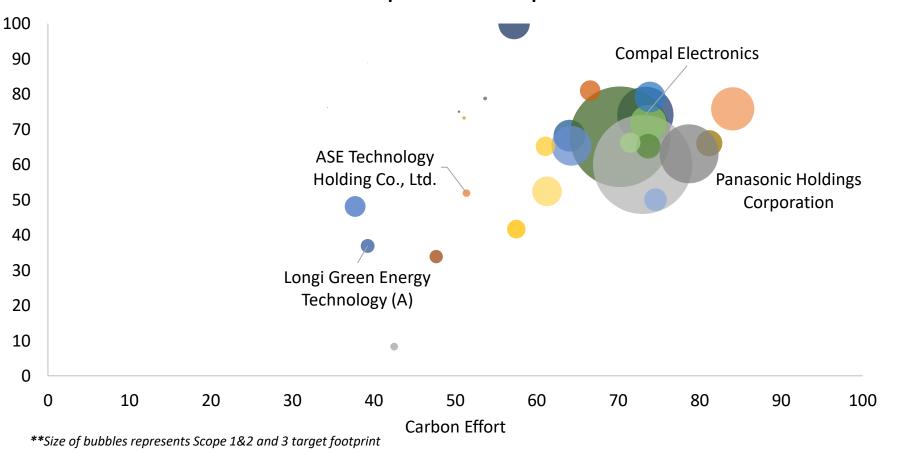
Our proprietary Impact-Effort Database with c1000 Asia Pacific listed companies helps us identify Asia Pacific companies showing proper intent to deliver significant carbon reduction potential.

This database is instructive not only in selecting portfolio investment but also guides on engagement for carbon impact with investee companies.

* Panarchy Partners Proprietary Database (Sourced from CDP, SBTi, Refinitiv)

Example: Investor's Portfolio* Impact-Effort

Focusing On Companies That Are Expected To Deliver



Model Portfolio Impact Effort vs Impact Size**

Our proprietary Impact-Effort Database helps us identify companies showing proper intent to deliver significant carbon reduction potential.

This database is instructive not only in selecting portfolio investment but also guides on engagement for carbon impact with investee companies.

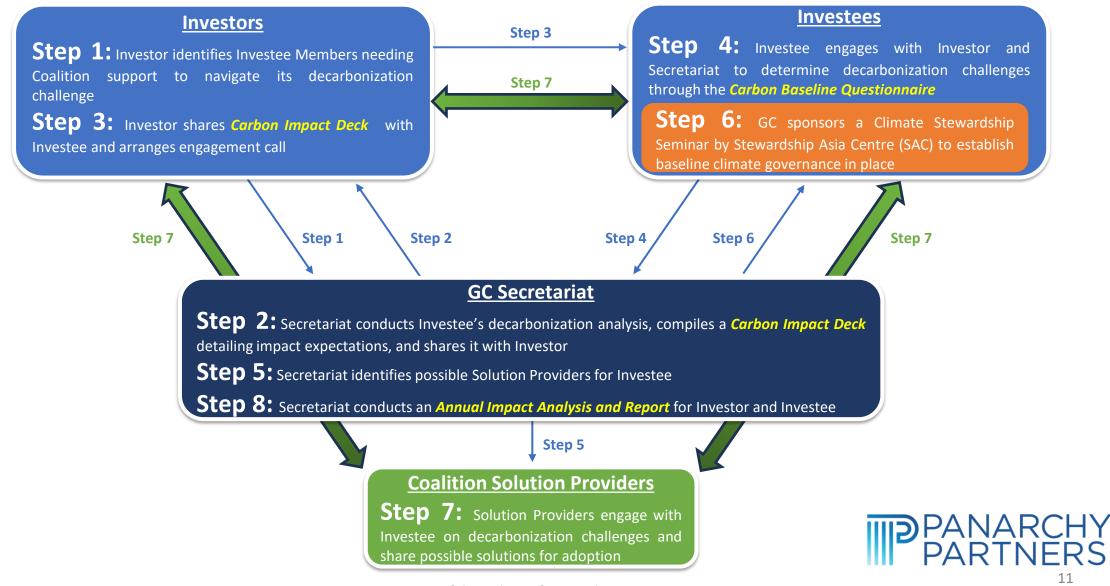
Carbon Impact

Gigaton Coalition Process & Tools



The Gigaton Coalition – Process

Purpose: To Uncover Decarbonization Solutions That Solve Our Climate Challenge



Step 1: Investor identifies Investee Members needing Coalition support to navigate its decarbonization challenge

Example: Investor Investee Companies*

Scope 3 Champions

- Fuji Electric This electrical equipment company is targeting to reduce its annual Scope 3 by 109 MtCO₂e by 2030
- LG Electronic** A globally renowned consumer electronics company, which is targeting 26 MtCO₂e p.a. reduction in Scope 3 by 2030
- Compal Electronics** A global original design manufacturer (ODM) of consumer electronics committed to reduce Scope 3 emissions by 34 MtCO₂e p.a.
- Bharti Airtel** This multinational telecom operator is targeting 3 MtCO₂e p.a. Scope 3 reduction by 2031
- Panasonic** This consumer electronics company is targeting to reduce its annual Scope 3 by 36MtCO₂e by 2030

Scope 1 & 2 Champions

- Delta Electronics** Global power technology leader for mobility and industrial sector is targeting a 70% reduction in Scope 1 & 2 by 2030
- Woolworths Group** Australian retailer aiming to reduce Scope 1 & 2 by 50% by 2030, saving potentially 1 MtCO₂e p.a.
- **Denso**** Aims to reduce Scope 1 & 2 by 62% by 2035, saving potentially 1.6 MtCO₂e p.a.

Potential Champion

- ZTE*** Chinese Tech & Telecom Operator committed to put SBTI targets on it annual S3 72 MtCO₂e emissions
- **Singtel**** Asia pacific telecom Operator with potential to reduce their own and influence subsidiaries carbon emission as well



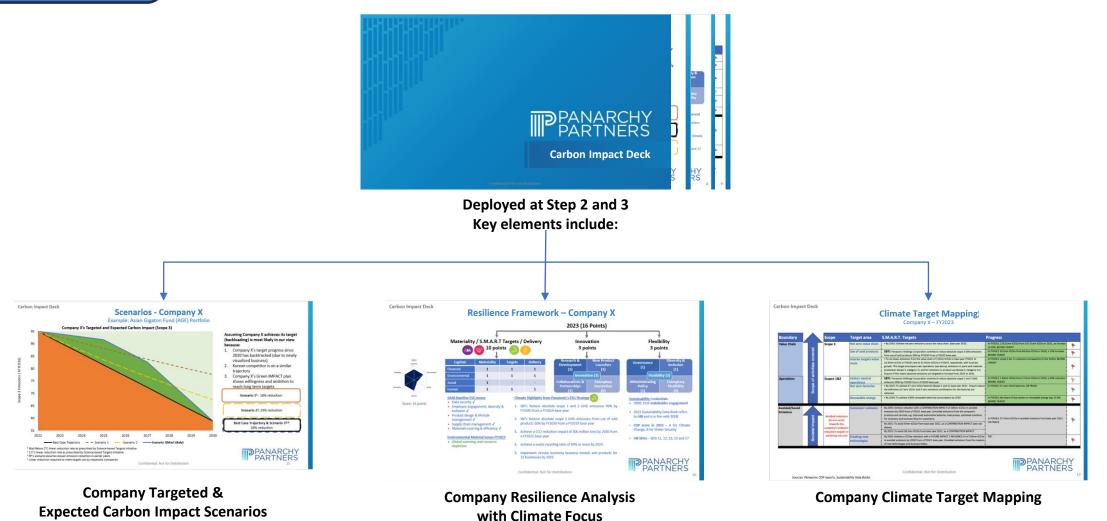


- * PP AGF portfolio (Mar 2024) subject to change
- ** Have SBTi approved emissions reduction targets
- ***Have committed to SBTi emissions reduction targets

Step 2: Secretariat conducts Investee's decarbonization analysis, compiles a *Carbon Impact Deck* (Our Trojan Horse) detailing impact expectations, and shares it with Investor

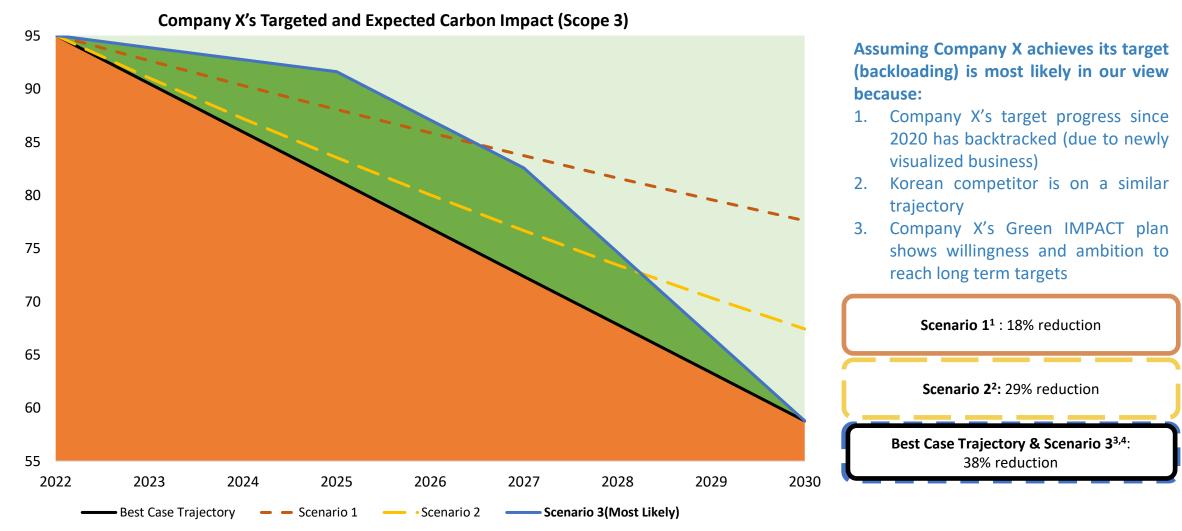
Carbon Impact Deck – Secretariat Trojan Horse

Empowering Constructive Decarbonization Dialogues





Impact Baseline & Scenarios Analysis



¹ Well-Below 2°C linear reduction rate as prescribed by Science-based Targets Initiative

² 1.5°C linear reduction rate as prescribed by Science-based Targets Initiative

³ PP's scenario assumes slower emission reduction in earlier years

⁴ Linear reduction required to meet targets set by respective companies

Secretariat Impact Expectation Category

Company X – Scope 3 Champion

Scope 3 Champions			Scope 1 & 2 Champions	Potential Champions		
SBTi Committed	Client Champions	S3 Champions	S1&2 Champions	Absolute	Country Potentials	
Companies with	Companies	Companies with	Companies targeting	Champions	The top 10% (min.	
existing	targeting min. of	Scope 3 reduction	greater than 5% p.a.	Companies	10, max. 20)	
reduction targets	30% reduction in	targets >10x their	Scope 1 and 2 with min.	targeting >1	companies per	
and committed	Scope 3 in less than	Scope 1 and 2,	50% cumulative reduction	MtCO ₂ e p.a.	country in terms of	
to SBTi approved	10 years or greater	thus have	from base year	reduction in all	their Scope 1, 2 and	
carbon targets	than 5% p.a.	potential for		Scopes in less than	3 but without	
within 24 months	reduction for +10yr	disproportionate		10 years	targets	
	targets	decarbonization				

Company X's Carbon Footprint and Ambitions

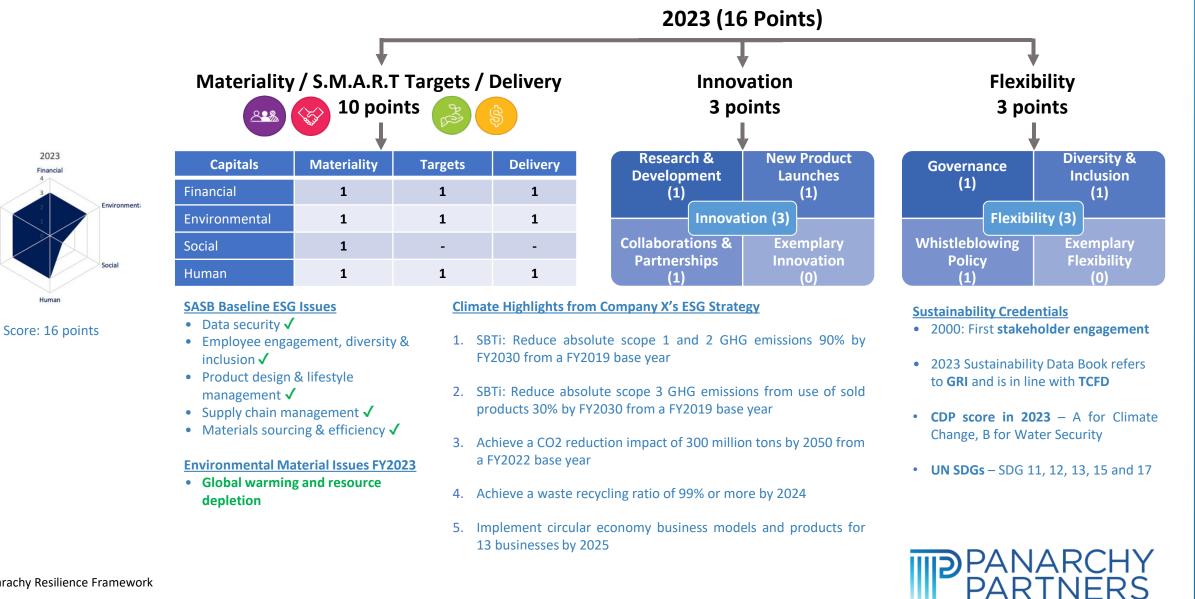
- Annual Scope 1 & 2 1.8 MtCO₂e p.a. (Targeting reduction of 1.6 MtCO₂e p.a. over 8 years)
- Annual Scope 3 128 MtCO₂e p.a. (Targeted reduction of 36 MtCO₂e p.a. over 8 years)



Flexibility

nnovatio

Resilience Framework* – Company X



Carbon Impact Deck

Engagement: Identifying Decarbonization Challenges & Solutions

Company X – FY2023

Scope	Targets	Company-led initiatives	Challenges	Solutions
		 Setting up the Zero-CO2 Factory Promotion Taskforce Actively promoting and installing renewable energy facilities in their own sites and renewable energy procurement from external suppliers. E.g. installation of photovoltaic systems and Procuring I-REC certificates [unbundled] and utilizing credit to offset CO2 emissions from fossil fuels 	?	?
Scope 1 and 2	Net zero CO2 [CO2e] emissions at own sites in all our operating companies by 2030	 Installing highly efficient air conditioning system and inverter water circulation pumps. Conducting air leakage detection campaign, and implement optimal control of production facilities 	Pending our	Pending
		 Adopting >40,000 measurement equipment systems and Factory Energy Management System (FEMS) at all global manufacturing sites. Promoting METAGEJI (Meter and Gauge) to monitor 	discussions	Gigaton Coalition
		 Experimenting using pure hydrogen fuel cells to supply both electricity and heat, and create cooling air in summer by supplying hot water to a lithium bromide freezer 		dialogues
		 Adapted a flow implementation using a low-temperature solder to the mass production of our household products as a world first 		
		 Optimisation of ventilation including management of positive pressure in clean rooms and at manufacturing process areas, review of operational conditions such as for furnaces and improvement of insulation, and review of cooling systems 		
		Energy saving campaigns at factories		
	SBTi: Company X	Implemented Products Assessment System Life cycle assessments and carbon footprint assessments of products	?	?
Scope 3	Holdings Corporation commits to reduce	 Provide products that contribute to product or equipment downsizing, light-weight, low energy loss and longer product life 	Pending our	Pending
	absolute scope 3 GHG		discussions	Gigaton
	emissions from use of sold products 30% by	Contribute to electrification of vehicles through power chargers with high output using power electronics technology and devices that improve vehicle's weight saving and rate of electricity		Coalition
	FY2030 from a FY2020 base year	 Make own products more energy efficient and further expand the range of products that use Reduce waste energy and waste goods, e.g. by streamlining customers' logistics and responsive tuning of demand and supply 		dialogues

Climate Target Mapping

Company X – FY2023

Boundary		Scope	Target area	S.M.A.R.T. Targets	Progress	
Value Chain	\neg	Scope 3	Net zero value chain	• By 2050: Achieve net zero emissions across the value chain. Base year 2020.	In FY2023, 129.21mn tCO2e from 107.51mn tCO2e in 2021, an increase of 20%. BEHIND TARGET	4
	covered		Use of sold products	SBTi: Company X Holdings Corporation commits to reduce absolute scope 3 GHG emissions from use of sold products 30% by FY2030 from a FY2020 base year.	In FY2023, 95.0mn tCO2e from 84.0mn tCO2e in 2020, a 13% increase. BEHIND TARGET	4
	activities co		Interim targets value chain	• To cut down emissions from the value chain of 110mn tCO2e in base year FY2021 to 16.34mn tCO2e in FY2025 and to 31.45mn tCO2e in FY2031 respectively, with business growth. This target encompass own operations (see above), emissions in parts and materials production (Scope 3, Category 1), and for emissions in product use (Scope 3, Category 11). Enquire if this means absolute emissions are targeted to increase from 2025 to 2031.	In FY2023, scope 3 cat. 11 emissions increased by 9.1mn tCO2e. BEHIND TARGET	Þ
Operations	of	Scopes 1&2	Carbon neutral operations	SBTi: Company X Holdings Corporation commits to reduce absolute scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions 90% by FY2030 from a FY2020 base year.	In FY2023, 1.84mn tCO2e from 2.31mn tCO2e in 2020, a 20% reduction. BEHIND TARGET	9
Scope		Net zero factories	• By 2025: To achieve 37 zero-CO2e factories (Scope 1 and 2), base year 2021. Enquire about the definitions of 'zero CO2e' and if zero emissions certifications for the factories are obtained.	In FY2023: 31 zero-CO2e factories. ON TRACK	ŀ	
			Renewable energy	By 2030: To achieve 100% renewable electricity consumption by 2030	In FY2023, the share of low-carbon or renewable energy was 15.6%. BEHIND TARGET	4
Avoided/Saved Emissions	Societal impact	Avoided emissions do not count towards the company's emission	Customers' emission	By 2050: Achieve reduction with a CONTRIBUTION IMPACT of 100mn tCO2e in avoided emissions by 2050 from a FY2021 base year. (Avoided emissions from the company's products and services, e.g. improved automotive batteries, heat pumps, optimised solutions for inventory and business flow for customers). By 2031: To avoid 93mn tCO2e from base year 2021, as a CONTRIBUTION IMPACT (see row above).	In FY2023, 37.23mn tCO2e in avoided emissions from base year 2021. ON TRACK	Þ
	ciet	reduction targets or achieving net zero		By 2025: To avoid 38.3mn tCO2e from base year 2021, as a CONTRIBUTION IMPACT. By 2050: Achieve a CO2ee reduction with a FUTURE IMPACT / INFLUENCE (+) of 100mn tCO2e	тес	
	Ŝ		Creating new technologies	in avoided emissions by 2050 from a FY2021 base year. (Avoided emissions from the creation of new technologies and business fields).		4

Drivers & Opportunities – E.g. Lifestyle Segment

Drivers to Decarbonize the Industry

Driver #1: Government mandates and green investment initiatives have driven sustainable change. Public opinion has also been impacted as more people purchase exclusively from or work at companies that utilize sustainable practices. Environmental legislation also likely to get stricter.

Driver #2: Long-term opportunities exist for companies willing to make the switch. Implementing low-emissions manufacturing processes or utilizing material recycling and recovery options can reduce costs of energy consumption, waste treatment, and any excess operations.

International Initiatives

- 1. Paris Agreement
- 2. Montreal Protocol/Kigali Amendment
- 3. WTO Agreement on Technical Barriers to Trade
- 4. Global Alliance Partnership
- 5. UNEP Sustainable Consumption and Production Program
- 6. Collaboration for Advancement of Sustainable Products
- 7. UN's Global Technical Regulation for Hydrogen Fuel Cell Vehicles

Decarbonization Policies & Initiatives for Company X's Lifestyle Segment

Standards and Policy Examples

- 1. Top Runner Program (JPN) minimum energy efficiency standards, regulated by Energy Efficiency Act
- 2. China Energy Conservation Standards (CHN) minimum energy efficiency standards
- 3. Green Procurement Policy (CHN) gov agencies to purchase energy-efficient appliances whenever possible
- 4. Ecodesign Directive (EUR) minimum energy efficiency standards for heating products
- 5. Renewable Energy Targets (EUR) AWHPs as key tech to increase RE share in heating systems in EUR countries
- 6. Building Codes (EUR) require or encourage installation of AWHPs in new construction or renovations
- 7. Regulations on Alternative Fuels Infrastructure (EU) minimum efficiency and safety standards for HFCs
- 8. F-Gas Regulation (EU) regulations on the restriction and phasing out of HFCs over time
- 9. EPA SNAP Program (US) regulates refrigerants with stringent standards, favoring low-GWP alternatives
- 10. Energy Conservation Law and Green Refrigeration Standard (CHN) set energy efficiency and environmental standards for refrigerants and promoting adoption of low-GWP options respectively

Incentives Examples

- 1. Eco-Points Program (JPN) rewards consumers who purchase energy-efficient appliances
- 2. Green Home Appliance Replacement Subsidies (JPN) subsidizes purchase of energy-efficient appliances to replace inefficient ones
- 3. CASBEE and DBJ Green Building Certification (JPN) encourages use of high-efficiency appliances
- 4. Green Innovation Fund (JPN) grants/subsidies for manufacturers investing in R&D green technologies
- 5. Energy Efficiency Subsidies and Tax Exemptions (CHN) encouraging purchase of energy-efficient products
- 6. Environmental Regulations/Taxes on Carbon Emissions (CHN) incentive for manufacturers to adopt cleaner production and develop more energy-efficient appliances
- 7. Direct Subsidies for Purchase/Installation of AWHPs (EUR) reducing upfront costs for customers, making AWHPs more competitive e.g. France's MaPrimeRénov' program and Italy's Superbonus 110%
- 8. Tax Credits and Reduced VAT Rates (EUR) for AWHP purchases lowering costs for customers
- 9. Hydrogen Strategy (EUR/UK), Basic Hydrogen Strategy (JPN) outlines targets, funding mechanisms, infrastructure development plans
- 10. Zero Emission Vehicle (California), Innovation Fund for Hydrogen Technologies (GER) financial incentives for purchasing HFC vehicles, equipment and infrastructure development

Step 3: Investor shares Carbon Impact Deck with Investee and arranges engagement call **Step 4:** Investee engages with Investor and Secretariat to determine decarbonization challenges through the Carbon Baseline Questionnaire

Carbon Baseline Questionnaire

- The Questionnaire aims to provide the GC Secretariat with insight into the Investee Member's decarbonization journ
- Questions and answers derived will help the GC Secreta identify the type of solutions(s) that are needed

All

All

All

Projections

GIGATON Coalition

Engagement / challenges

	Carbon Baselir	ne Questionnair	0			
e GC Secretariat with more carbonization journey	[Company name] Medium / Long-Term Targets Portfolio impact group Engagement		E.g. By 2034, to reduce Scope 1 emissions intensity by 32%, & 61.9% for Scope 2 emissions. By 2040 to reach carbon negative operations. E.g. Scope 1&2 Champions First engagement TBC			
help the GC Secretariat to	Торіс	Portfolio impact group	Selected questions			
re needed	Governance	Att	Are your reported emissions third-party verified?			
le lleeueu	Strategy	Scope 1&2 Champions	Which of your initiatives are reaping the most significant decarbonisation results in the past three years?			
		Scope 3 Champions	Considering that scope 3 emissions account for most of your total carbon inventory, what is the current strategy to reduce the emission categories?	largest		
	Engagement	Scope 3 Champions	Could you provide details on how you would be working with suppliers to reduce scope 3 emissions?			
			Could you provide details on how you would be working with customers to reduce scope 3 emissions?			
	Targets	Potential Champions				
			Are you planning on pursuing SBTi's Corporate Net-Zero Standard and/or setting SBTi approved targets? If yes, what will be the timeline			
	Projections	All	If your Scope 182 emissions are still increasing, when do you expect to reach peak carbon emissions? For your net zero target, how much backloading of emissions reductions is likely to take place?	101 7 3		
			Implementing clean technologies and altering industrial processes to lower emissions often involves complex retrofitting or renewal. These projects can costs and lengthy planning, resulting in backloaded emissions cuts.	ry high upfront		
			What are one or more reasons for the backloading of emissions reductions? A) financial constraints, B) technological limitat	tions, C)		
			infrastructure development D) behavioural change E) political challenges E) other			
If your Scope 1&2 emissions are still increased	sing, when do you e	expect to reach p	peak carbon emissions?	lenges?		
For your net zero target, how much backloa	ading of emissions r	reductions is like	ely to take place?			
	•		nvolves complex retrofitting or renewal. These projects carry high upfront costs and	nt, human		
		r emissions onem i	noives complex retrolluting of renewal. These projects carry high upfront costs and			
lengthy planning, resulting in backloaded emissions	cuts.					
What are one or more reasons for the back	loading of emission	s reductions? A) financial constraints, B) technological limitations, C) infrastructure	/		
development, D) behavioural change, E) po	litical challenges, F)	other				
What are the biggest anticipated challenges	in achieving your c	arbon reduction	n goals? How do you plan to mitigate these challenges?			
Are you open to collaborating with investor	s on emission redu	ction initiatives?		/		



Step 5: Secretariat identifies possible Solution Providers for Investee Matching Solution Providers With Companies

					Biggest S3			Gigaton Coalition Partner Needed	
			SBTI	Industry	Category	% of \$3	ISSUES	Governance Technology Policy Investor	Selection Criteria
		Compal Electronics Inc	Committed	Technology Hardv					
	SBTi Committed	Hyundai Mobis Co Ltd	Committed	Automobile Com	-				 GC classification of the
	Companies with existing	Aisin Corp	Committed	Automobile Com	-				Solution Provider
	reduction targets and committed	AcerInc	Committed	Technology Hardv	4-				Solution Provider
	to SBTI approved carbon targets	Globe Telecom Inc	Committed	Wireless Telecom	1-				Due diligence of Solution
C	within 24 months (light blue)	XP Power Ltd	Committed	Electrical Equipm	-				-
Sh		Mitsubishi Heavy Industries Ltd		Machinery	-				Providers' organization
		Hitachi Ltd	Targets Set	Industrial Conglo	r -				J J
Са	Client Champions	Haseko Corp	Targets Set	Household Durab	-				background and key
Om	Companies targeting minimum of	Sekisui Chemical Co Ltd	Targets Set	Household Durab	-				individuals
		Warehouse Group Ltd		Broadline Retail	-				Individuals
Рр		Shimadzu Corp	Targets Set	ElectronicEquipm	1-				
Ei	pa reduction for +10yr targets	Asustek Computer Inc	Targets Set	Technology Hardv					
6 1	(light orange)	Hyundai Wia Corp		Automobile Com	-				
0		Espec Corp	Targets Set	ElectronicEquipm					
3 n		Comfortdelgro Corporation Ltd	Targets Set	Ground Transport					
5 11	S3 Champions	LG Electronics Inc	Targets Set	Household Durab					
S	Companies with some 3	Hankook Tire & Technology Co Ltd		Automobile Com					
	reduction targets >10x their	Sumitomo Electric Industries Ltd		Automobile Com	F -				
	scope 1 & 2 thus have potential	Fanuc Corp	Targets Set	Machinery	-				Collaboration & Matching
	for disproportionate	Makita Corp		Machinery	-				
	decarbonization (red)	· ·	Targets Set	Construction & Er					Consultative approach
		Takasago Thermal Engineering Co	Ltd	Building Products					
	S1&2 Champions	Yokohama Rubber Co Ltd		Automobile Com					between the players to
	Companies targeting greater than	Denso Corp	Targets Set	Automobile Com					
Scope 1&2	5% pa Scope 1 & 2 in with	Woolworths Group Ltd	Targets Set	Consumer Staple:					identify the right Solution
	minimum 50% cumulative reduction from 2022 (green)		Targets Set	Semiconductors &	4 -				Providers(s) to solve each
Champions	,	United Microelectronics Corp	Targets Set	Semiconductors &	<u>-</u>				
	· · ·	Mitsubishi Electric Corp	Targets Set	Electrical Equipm					company's decarbonization
	Thetop 10% (min 10, max 20)	Chicony Power Technology Co Ltd	- U	Electrical Equipm					
Potential	companies per country in terms	FujikuraLtd	Targets Set	Electrical Equipm					challenges
		Singapore Telecommunications Lt	-	Diversified Teleco	4-				Ţ
Champions	without targets	Godrej Agrovet Ltd	Targets Set	Food Products	-				



Step 6: GC sponsors a Climate Stewardship Seminar by Stewardship Asia Centre (SAC) to establish baseline climate governance in place

Climate Stewardship Seminar





About Stewardship Asia Centre

Stewardship Asia Centre (SAC) was established by Temasek Holdings.

SAC is a non-profit organization dedicated to helping business and government leaders, investors, and individuals activate stewardship practices.

Session Outline

To address today's existential challenges, we need innovation of the highest order. Innovation can neither be legislated nor driven by extrinsic incentives alone. We need a values-driven revolution. We need **steward leadership**—the ability to create a win-win-win future for stakeholders, society, and the environment. ESG must upgrade to ESL, where the 'L' stands for Steward Leadership. In ESL, 'G' is a subset of 'L'.

- Sustainable Sustainability Why ESG is not enough
- Leverage Business Ecosystems for Collective Success
- Leading Inclusively for Sustainable Growth



Step 7: Solution Providers engage with Investee on decarbonization challenges and share possible solutions for adoption

Step 8: Secretariat conducts an *Annual Impact Analysis and Report* for Investor and Investee

Impact Scorecard & Report

Company X – FY2023

CLIMATE IMPACT SCORECARD							
Date:	8 Feb. 2024						
Company:	Company X	Signed off by:	Kaia Tan				
	Attribute	Weight of attribute (%)	Comments	Score	Scoring method		
	DO NO SIGNIFICANT HARM (DNSH) ¹	0	Company X meets the criteria for DNSH	-	Yes/Warning/No (0 for Yes, -10 for Warning, EXIT for No)		
	Portfolio company meets at least one of GIGATON COALITION's engagement objectives and delivers the outcome(s)	10	TBD	-	Yes/No (10 for Yes, 0 for No)		
	Portfolio company attends the Stewardship Asia Centre climate leadership workshop	5	TBD	-	Yes/No (5 for Yes, 0 for No)		
	Portfolio company response to the Carbon Baseline Questionnaire is adequate	5	TBD	•	Yes/No (5 for Yes, 0 for No)		
Targets	SBTi approved or committed targets (doubles as an assurance score)	10	Yes	10	Yes/No (10 for Yes, 0 for No)		
	Absolute Scope 1 & 2 emissions targets	5	Yes	0	Yes/No (5 for Yes, 0 for No)		
	Net zero commitment	5	Yes (committed through SBTi)	5	Yes/No (5 for Yes, 0 for No)		
	Scope 3 targets	10	Yes	10	Yes/No (10 for Yes, 0 for No)		
	Renewable energy targets	5	Member of RE100	5	Yes/No (5 for Yes, 0 for No)		
	Scope 1+2 targets progress from base year to current	10	In FY2023, 1.84mn tCO2e from 2.31mn tCO2e in 2020, a 20% reduction. BEHIND TARGET		YesłNo (5 for Yes, 0 for No)		
	Scope 3 targets progress from base year to current year	10	In FY2023, 95.0mn tCO2e from 84.0mn tCO2e in 2020, a 13% increase. BEHIND TARGET	0	Yes/No (5 for Yes, 0 for No)		
Renewable energ	g Share of renewable energy in total energy consumption	5	15.6% (CDP Climate Change 2023), RE100		Thresholds (5 for ≥75%, 3 for 25-75% 1 for <25%)		
	Change in Scope 1+2 emissions (past 3 years)	5	In FY2023, 1.84mn tCD2e from 2.31mn tCD2e in 2020, a 20% reduction.		Rate of reduction (5 for reduction, 1) no change, -3 for increase)		
	Change in Scope 3 emissions (past 3 years)	10	In FY2023, 95.0mn tCD2e from 84.0mn tCD2e in 2020, a 13% increase.	-3	for no change, -3 for increase)		
	Trend in renewable energy share (past 3 years)	5	9% PP (Based on CDP Climate Change C8.2a)	5	Rate of increase (5 for increase, 1 fo no change, -3 for decrease)		

PANARCHY PARTNERS

THE ASIAN GIGATON FUND

PURPOSE AND IMPACT REPORT



¹How the investee aligns with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights, including the principles and rights set out in the eight fundamental conventions identified in the Declaration of the International Labour Organisation on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and the International Bill of Human Rights. (ref. ESMA / SFDR guide.)



Pipeline Developments

Gigaton Coalition – A Platform To Amplify Impact

Coalition Decarbonization Solutions Roll Out

